

THE ELECTION RESULTS

Electoral Vote Unchanged by the Latest Returns.

Kentucky and Idaho Both Carried by Bryan, But Nebraska Probably Lost—Popular Vote for McKinley Growing in the West—The Kansas Legislature Still in Doubt—Republican Plurality in New York State, 143,622—Odell Ran Far Behind His Ticket in the Contest for Governorial Honors—The Completion of the Fifty-seventh Congress.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Returns from the election received up to noon today show no change in the result, except a larger popular vote for McKinley in the West than was indicated by the early reports.

The electoral vote for McKinley stood Roosevelt remains 252; for Bryan and Stevenson 155. Four years ago the vote was 271 and 176.

The majority for the Republican electors in Nebraska may reach 15,000 when the returns are all in, and Chairman Lindsay, of the State Committee, claims the election of the full State ticket and a majority of the Legislature.

Kentucky and Idaho are close, but both States have been carried by Bryan unless belated returns should make an unexpected change.

In the Pacific Coast States the Republican pluralities are much larger than indicated by the first reports. The Republicans made a clean sweep in California where the majority for the national ticket may reach 40,000. Bryan carries Colorado by a reduced majority and the Progressives have captured the Legislature, which insures the election of a Populist to the United States Senate to succeed Edward O. Wolcott.

Kansas has been carried for McKinley by 10,000 majority, but the vote for Governor is close and the Fusion candidate may win. The Legislature is still in doubt.

W. A. Clark has captured Montana and will again be sent to the United States Senate.

In the Fifty-seventh Congress, the Republicans will have probably 297 Representatives and 55 Senators, while the combined opposition from present indications will have only 150 in the lower house and 35 Senators.

McKinley's plurality in New York State is 143,622, and that of Odell, for Governor, 113,822. The New York Legislature will stand: Senate—Republicans, 36; Democrats, 14. Assembly—Republicans, 106; Democrats, 44.

Bryan's plurality in New York county is 27,432, and in the consolidated city it is 27,454. Stanchfield's plurality in Greater New York is 40,742.

The Fifty-seventh Congress elected on Tuesday, unless called in special session by the President, will not meet until the first Monday in December, 1901, and many important questions remain to be settled by the second session of the Fifty-sixth Congress. The time of the Congressmen elected on Tuesday does not begin until March 4 of next year.

The short session of the Fifty-sixth Congress will begin on the first Monday of December, and, as both Houses are fully organized, important bills can be introduced and referred to committees without delay.

It is expected that the Philippine question will occupy the attention of both houses for some time, and, as the result of the election will be accepted as a vote of confidence in the policy of the Administration, the proposed legislation suggested by the President will probably be adopted.

THE POPULAR VOTE.

Mr. McKinley's Plurality Will Exceed 500,000.

STATES.	Bryan.	McKinley.
Alabama	11	75,000
Arizona	8	75,000
California	8	75,000
Colorado	4	40,000
Connecticut	3	20,000
Delaware	3	1,500
Florida	4	20,000
Georgia	12	40,000
Idaho	3	1,000
Illinois	24	90,000
Indiana	13	27,000
Iowa	13	30,000
Kansas	10	25,000
Kentucky	10	25,000
Louisiana	8	50,000
Maine	8	30,000
Maryland	8	14,000
Massachusetts	15	82,000
Michigan	12	75,000
Minnesota	9	40,000
Mississippi	6	60,000
Missouri	12	21,000
Montana	3	12,000
Nebraska	8	2,000
Nevada	3	5,000
New Hampshire	4	20,000
New Jersey	10	50,000
New York	36	143,622
North Carolina	11	10,000
Ohio	23	75,000
Oregon	4	12,000
Pennsylvania	23	75,000
Rhode Island	4	14,000
South Carolina	9	60,000
South Dakota	4	30,000
Tennessee	12	20,000
Texas	15	20,000
Vermont	4	30,000
Virginia	12	35,000
Washington	4	20,000
West Virginia	6	15,000
Wisconsin	12	60,000
Wyoming	3	5,000
TOTAL	155	730,000

UTAH RETURNS INSIGNIFICANT.

Democrats to Be in Control of the State Senate.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Nov. 8.—The returns came in slowly, and exact figures cannot yet be given. The McKinley Presidential electors led the ticket with a majority of about 4,000. The Republican State ticket is elected by from 3,000 to 4,000. The Senate is Democratic by one or two, while the House is overwhelmingly Republican, and Republican on tight ballot.

Mrs. J. M. Cohen, Democratic candidate for the House, and the only woman on either ticket, went down to defeat, running behind the head of her ticket, \$70 votes. This was accounted for largely by the fact that many of the women voters scratched her name.

Flinn's Business College, 8th and N. Business, Shortland, Typewriting—\$25 a year.

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YERKES ADMITS DEFEAT.

Bryan and Beckham Carry Kentucky by a Good Majority.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 8.—Chairman Combs and Joan W. Yerkes, Republican candidate for Governor, admitted privately this morning that on the face of returns Kentucky would show a Democratic majority of 1,000, thus defeating Yerkes and giving Bryan the State.

In a public statement Chairman Combs says: "The result is very close. I think that it will probably require the official count to determine how the State goes. When I left headquarters, Yerkes had a small plurality, with seventeen counties still to be heard from. I am informed that over 3,000 ballots were not counted by Goebel election officers throughout the State on account of trivial technicalities.

"We have discovered that not only have systematic frauds been practiced all over the State, but some counties there was wholesale exclusion of voters from the polls. In Fayette county, for instance, in two precincts, 500 voters were kept from voting. In Breathitt, 600 persons were kept from voting. Challengers and inspectors were also excluded from the booths. In numbers of counties the returns were padded by the Democrats, notably in Franklin and Owen counties. The details of the different outrages are not obtainable as yet."

Democrats declare that the completed returns will show a much larger majority for Bryan and Beckham than is now admitted by the Republicans.

QUAY'S DEFEAT CLAIMED.

Opponents Declare That They Will Control Keystone Legislature.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 8.—The Democratic and anti-Quay Republican managers claim that they will not only have a majority in the next General Assembly on joint ballot, but they will have working majorities in both the Senate and House of Representatives.

These claims are based upon the returns of the legislative elections, which, it is estimated, entirely support the estimates of the anti-machine managers prepared before the election. It is upon the assumption that these figures are correct that the opponents of ex-Senator Quay declare that under no consideration can he control sufficient of the members of the Legislature to win the election to the United States Senate.

On joint ballot the anti-Quayists claim that they will have more than 115 votes. To the machine is conceded about 24 votes. This leaves five as doubtful. The membership of the Senate is 50 and of the House of Representatives 120. The total of 234 votes on joint ballot. The number necessary to elect on joint ballot is 128. In the Senate the Democratic representation is placed at 14 with 12 anti-Quay Republicans, a total of 27 anti-Quay votes. The Quay Republicans are conceded 23 members, an anti-Quay majority of 4. The membership of the House is figured to consist of 72 anti-Quay Republicans, 46 Democrats, 81 Quay Republicans, and 5 doubtful members, an anti-Quay majority of 37. On joint ballot of the House according to the figures the total Democratic and anti-Quay representation is 145. The Quay vote is 104 and the doubtful members 5.

This is an anti-Quay majority of 41 exclusive of the doubtful votes. It is said by many politicians who are credited as being wise that the United States Senatorship will go to P. A. Widenor.

NO HOPE FOR ADDICKS.

Enough Opposition Votes to Deprive Him of the Senatorship.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 8.—The Delaware Legislature is apparently Republican. Addicks or the Union Republicans have not, however, sufficient votes to name Addicks as United States Senator. There are enough regular Republicans in the Senate and Assembly to prevent his election.

It is claimed by many that the Legislature will be Democratic and that only a count, which cannot be completed until tonight, will decide.

SOUTH DAKOTA RETURNS.

McKinley's Majority Thus Far Said to Be 14,144.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Nov. 8.—Reports from 841 precincts out of a total of 1,150 in South Dakota give McKinley a majority of 14,144. The Republicans concede only from fifteen to eighteen members of the Legislature to Senator Pettigrew out of a total of 132.

The Republican majority on joint ballot in the legislature, which elects Pettigrew's successor will therefore be in the neighborhood of 100.

HANNA GOING TO NEW YORK.

Republican Headquarters May Be Removed to Washington.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Senator Hanna, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, will be in the city on Saturday. He will meet Treasurer Bliss, Messrs. Scott, Manley, and Gibbs, and the business affairs of the National Committee will be settled, and the headquarters at 1 Madison Avenue, will be closed. The permanent headquarters of the National Committee will probably be transferred to Washington or Cleveland.

CANDIDATE WOOLLEY'S VIEWS.

Prohibitionist Says the Saloon Issue Will Become More Prominent.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—John G. Woolley, candidate for President on the Prohibition ticket, estimates that 500,000 votes were cast for him Tuesday throughout the country as against 120,000 for Levering, candidate for the same party in 1896.

Mr. Woolley said at his headquarters in the Manhattan Building: "Four years more of this exhibition of an Administration completely subservient to the liquor power will come near forcing the issue which the saloon shall rule the country or the country destroy the saloon."

ELECTION TRAGEDY IN TEXAS.

Three Men Reported Killed and a General Riot Feared.

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 8.—The following despatch was received from Navasota, Tex., yesterday: "Scott, William McDonald, and John Braden were killed at Anderson today. Great excitement in Navasota and many have left here for the seat of war nearby armed. There is no telling what it will lead to."

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FOR A NEW DEMOCRACY

Reorganization Movement Proposed in the West.

Plans Being Discussed in Chicago for Rejuvenating the Party in Every Section of the Country—The Intention to Eliminate Conditions That Brought About the Fusion of Various Political Elements—A Similar Project Recommended in Indiana—Conference of Hoosier Leaders to Be Held for the Purpose of Reconstructing the Organization.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—Plans are being discussed and a general movement inaugurated by leading Democrats to perfect an entire reorganization of their party. The scheme, it is said here, extends to every State, county, and precinct throughout the nation. Locally, the Iroquois Club expects to take a prominent part in this movement, but, according to its most active members, their efforts by no means will be confined either to Cook county or the State of Illinois.

The intention is to eliminate conditions which brought about fusion with Populists, Socialists, so-called 1 to 1 Republicans, and other elements. They propose to retire every individual regarded as a leader in the present conglomerate organization.

Ex-Governor Altgeld said today: "The second defeat of Bryan will not result in a complete reorganization of the party. Bryan is two million votes stronger than any other man in the party, and if we cannot elect him we cannot elect anybody. The result simply shows that money can control American elections. Issues have nothing to do with it. If we had declared for the gold standard our defeat would have been worse."

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 8.—Leading Democrats here are explaining that the party must have new candidates and new issues in the next Presidential contest and that Bryan and Populism must be divorced from Democracy.

It is charged that free silver, to which a majority of the Kansas City delegates were opposed, caused the landslide Tuesday, and that Bryan, while starting out with the anti-imperialist issue, made free coinage the burden of his letter of acceptance and this drove the Germans and the anti-imperialist Republicans to McKinley.

The Indiana leaders announce that steps will be taken at once to reorganize the party and that this will be accomplished along lines which will prevent "oneidea" men from affiliating with the new Democracy. A conference of the State leaders will be held in a short time and steps taken toward reorganization.

WHITNEY ON REORGANIZATION.

Party Must Return to Principles Represented by Old Democracy.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—William C. Whitney, in the "Journal" today talks about reorganization of the Democratic party as follows:

"Your telegrams asking me what I think proper to be done for the reconstruction of the party, and what basis there is for the coming together of the factions, is at hand. There are no factions, except those that are made by separations arising from difference in principle. You yourself before the nomination argued against both the issues that Mr. Bryan forced upon the party—18 to 1 you were fighting as already condemned by the American people, but Mr. Bryan, catering to the false sentiment in one certain locality, forced it on the party. It would be questioning his intelligence to credit him with believing in it.

"Expansion, as exploited by Mr. Bryan and inserted in the platform, you, Mr. Hearst, argued against before the nomination. It is my opinion that the Democratic party has had an old man of the sea on its hands. The judgment of the American people has two times asserted itself on the question more emphatically than ever before in our history.

"When the Democracy of the nation surrenders to a man who twice loses New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, and Indiana, our old battle grounds, by majorities unprecedented in the history of our country, it is evident that vigorous measures in the way of repudiating false gods and false principles are required."

"It is not a matter of the coming together of factions; it is a matter of adopting principles that are for the good of the country and that represent the old Democracy."

EX-MAYOR HEWITT APPROVES.

Thinks Reorganization Would Prove a Good Thing.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, frequently called "the Father of the Gold Democrats," when questioned concerning the mooted reorganization of the Democratic party, replied:

"I have not given the subject sufficient thought as yet to talk upon it. But I think it's a good thing."

UNITE FOR PARTY SUCCESS.

Rev. Eliot Danforth's Views on the Recent Situation.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Hon. Eliot Danforth believes the factions in the Democratic party should come together. He said:

"Jefferson founded the Democratic party and handed out a code of principles. We must be faithful to his doctrines. In order to achieve success. The recent Presidential battle was an eventful one, and the result may teach us some lessons.

"Mr. Bryan is a brave, brainy, heroic leader. But the money panic in the Kansas City platform drove away the votes of many conservative citizens. While appealing for the vote of Kansas we lost the vote of New York. Let us throw aside all differences and unite for party success. Let us stop quarreling over the question of who is State leader and give the leadership to him who does most to promote party unity and inculcate into the minds of the people the principles of true Democracy."

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THE PARTY NOT BORN TO DIE.

Ex-Governor Stone Points Out Its Future Course.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—Ex-Governor William J. Stone, Vice Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, when asked to give his views as to the proposed reorganization of the national Democracy said:

"The Democratic party was not born to die until the Republic dies. It will stand as the defender of the Constitution and the Republic so long as they exist. It should take an advanced and progressive position looking to the development and protection of our maritime and commercial interests. The Missouri Democratic platform of 1896 expressed my views on the political questions of the day. Those questions are for future decision, however, all I say now is what I have said many times before, that the Democratic party must be affirmative as well as progressive.

"Mr. Bryan made a great fight. He is one of the most remarkable men of history. He may never be President, but whether in politics or private life no man in America will hold a more commanding place, and none will be capable of exerting a greater influence for the public good. May God bless him."

A STRONG TICKET WILL WIN.

Governor McMillin Declares the Party Has Nothing to Fear.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 8.—Gov. Benton McMillin, the former President of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, has this to say as to the result and sequel of the recent election:

"The result of the national election is disappointing and unsatisfactory to me. The result in the State is gratifying. I believe that, notwithstanding the clouds that hang over our horizon today, the future will be brighter for the party and the principles of Jefferson. The principles of Democracy today were not born of the day, but forever, for party did not change principles when Jefferson, Jackson, and Cleveland were defeated, and will not change now because Bryan was defeated.

"Its principle of equal rights to all and special privileges to none, peace, commerce, and honest friendship with all, entangling alliances with none, and the other principles laid down in Jefferson's first inaugural address, are eternal principles and will not change. Temporary issues may change, but the principles of party are immutable, and whatever may be the vicissitudes of free government will not be done by the masses of the great Democratic party.

"If the Republic is to survive the principles of Jefferson and Jackson will not perish. Put out a strong ticket in four years and we will win."

MR. GORMAN'S VIEWS.

The ex-Senator on the Result of the Election.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 8.—In an interview, printed in the "Sun" this morning, Senator Gorman gives his opinion of the causes which led to the Democratic defeat. Mr. Gorman said:

"It is too early to talk or even think about reorganizing the Democratic party. The defeat was so overwhelming and the knockout so complete that we must have time to recover our breath before making any predictions or calculations as to the future policy of the Democratic party. It is not the time to indulge in incriminations or recriminations, but we must accept the result as the calm and deliberate judgment of the voters of the country after deep consideration of their own individual interests. We must accept the verdict as an evidence that the business interests of the country are unwilling to be again subjected to anything which might interfere with the present prosperous condition existing throughout the land.

"Now that the result was brought about by the combined forces not only of the owners of great commercial enterprises and the employers of large forces of working people, but also of the great majority of the operatives of the great establishments and the working classes generally, who joined with the plain practical business people in indicating that it would be unwise to disturb the prosperity of the present by experimenting with a new Administration which was pledged to reverse and set aside all the practical business advantages now enjoyed by the great mass of industrious people.

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"The campaign and attracted large and enthusiastic audiences by his brilliant oratory and attractive manner of appealing to those who gathered around him. It is evident, however, that a great mass of people were led to vote as they shouted, as is shown by the big McKinley vote rolled up from places where the greatest Bryan demonstrations were held."

"What the smoke of battle has cleared away, it will be in order for the critics to rush forward and endeavor to point out the mistakes made by the Democrats in the campaign. They were captured during General French's first advance. They will be released and furnished with passes as soon as the official who issues passes arrives from Middleburg.

The scout also states that the Boers are short of supplies and are living on mealies and meal and using burnt mealies to make coffee. The supply of meal, however, is abundant.

The Boers were very much disappointed because they were unable to capture any of General French's convoy, which was the object of their continued attacks. The convoy consisted of 700 wagons.

The Boers admitted that they had lost heavily, especially the morning after General French left Bethel. On that occasion the Boers, who thought all the British had gone, approached close to a farm near which the carabineers were posted and lost fifty killed and wounded out of a force of 200.

The Boers expressed the bitterest feelings about the burning of farms by the British. It is explained that the only farms burned were those whose owners had done something deserving punishment.

NEW BRITISH ARTILLERY.

Seventy-five Batteries to Be Added to the Equipment.

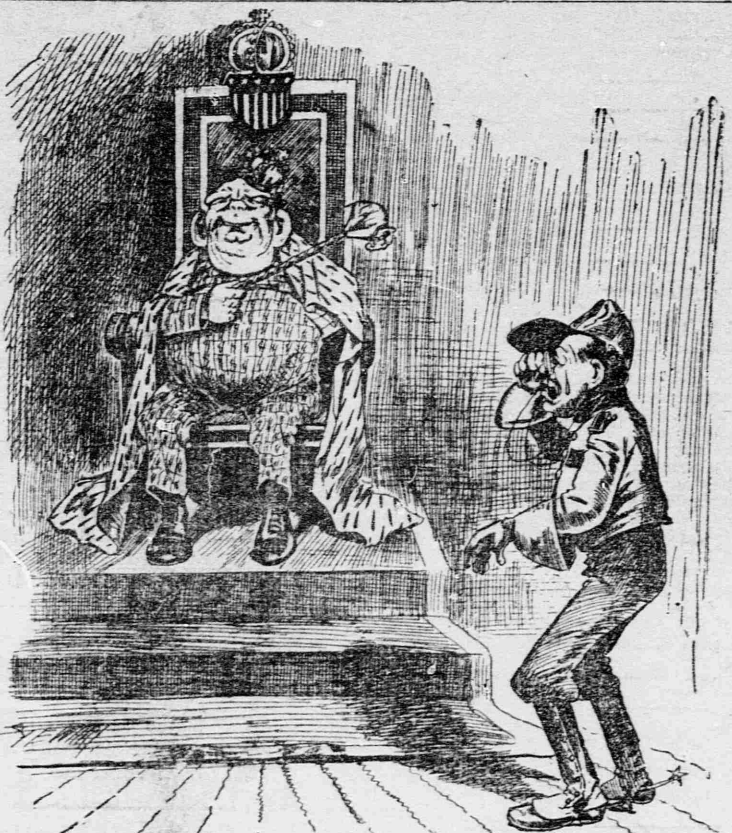
MANCHESTER, Nov. 8.—The "Guardian" states that William St. John Brodrick, the Secretary of State for War, will add seventy-five quick-fire batteries, with a total of 470 guns, to the British artillery equipment.

GLASGOW'S BUBONIC PLAGUE BILL.

GLASGOW, Nov. 8.—Dr. Colvin estimates that the bubonic plague has cost the city of Glasgow £1,600,000.

Clear and perfect flooring, \$2

per 100 sq. ft. for the finest house, by F. Libbey & Co.



PRE-EMPTED.

MR. BRYAN'S ATTITUDE

Reported Announcement That He Will Not Accept a Senatorship.

The Defeated Candidate Said to Have Explained His Position to State Committee Chairman Dahlman.

Nebraska Legislature and Governorship Still Remain in Doubt.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—An "Evening World" leasath from Lincoln says that Mr. Bryan called State Committee Chairman J. C. Dahlman to his house today and said:

"If you hear any of my friends talking about putting me into the United States Senate, in case we carry the Legislature, you may say officially that under no circumstances would I accept the office even if it were tendered me."

"I made my fight for the Presidency and I lost. I am not going to take other men's positions from them."

Richard Metcalfe, of Omaha, explains Mr. Bryan's attitude. He says there was an ante-election agreement that in the event of a Fusion victory there would be a Populist Senator, the incumbent Senator Allen, and a Democrat—either William H. Thompson, of Grand Island, or Gilbert M. Hitchcock, publisher of the "Omaha World-Herald."

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 8.—The Republicans claim they are certain today that they have carried the State by a comfortable margin of 5,000. The vote is so close on State offices that the official count will be necessary to decide the Governorship and the complexion of the Legislature.

Mr. Bryan seems somewhat depressed by his overwhelming defeat, but he is bearing himself manfully. He said today: "A statement from me would be superfluous. As for the general result, I can simply say that the American people have expressed their will and I have neither protest nor criticism to make."

The "Omaha Bee," Republican, claims the Legislature by at least fifteen in the joint session. The most likely Republican candidates for the Senate are Edward Rosewater, editor of the "Omaha Bee," George D. McKelvie, Assistant Secretary of War, D. E. Thompson, capitalist, and John L. Webster, lawyer, of Omaha.

HANS BOTHA IN COMMAND.

Remnants of the Boer Army Have Rallied Around Him.

PRETORIA, Nov. 6.—(S. p. m.)—One of General French's scouts who was captured near Heidelberg, and who was at first treated badly by the Boers, who threatened to shoot him, was afterward released, and taken with dispatch to General French's headquarters.

He states that Gen. Hans Botha is in command of the Boers, and has with him the Bethel, Carolina, Emelo, and Middleburg commands. The scout says he recognized a number of British prisoners in the laager. They were captured during General French's first advance. They will be released and furnished with passes as soon as the official who issues passes arrives from Middleburg.

The scout also states that the Boers are short of supplies and are living on mealies and meal and using burnt mealies to make coffee. The supply of meal, however, is abundant.

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LAND ANNEXED BY RUSSIA.

The Zar Takes Chinese Territory at Tientsin.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—A despatch from Tientsin says General Linewitch, the Russian commander, has officially notified the consuls of the various powers that Russia has annexed land at Tientsin opposite the Tung-fah-shan and Wooray Yu Hsien have been added to the list. Yu Hsien is the official who was reported to have committed suicide by swallowing gold leaf, but who is now believed to be alive and in hiding.